

California Cadet Corps Curriculum on Citizenship



"What We Stand For"

C8C: Symbols of American Pride

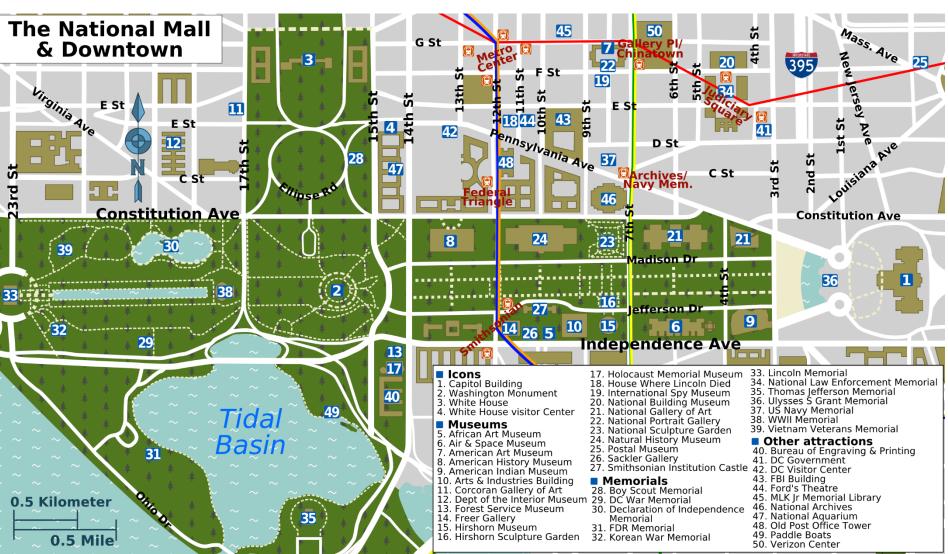


Symbols of American Pride

- C1. The Washington Monument
- C2. The Lincoln and Jefferson Memorials
- C3. The US Capitol
- C4. The White House
- C5. The Statue of Liberty
- C6. The Liberty Bell
- C7. Mount Rushmore
- C8. US and California Seals
- C9. Patriotic Holidays
- C10. The Medal of Honor
- C11. Arlington Cemetery and Tomb of the Unknown Soldier
- C12. The World War II Memorial
- C13. The US Marine Corps Memorial
- C14. The Korean War Memorial
- C15. The Vietnam Veterans' Memorial
- C16. Significant American Accomplishments



The National Mall





THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

 Describe the Washington Monument, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the Washington Monument and why is it a symbol of American pride?



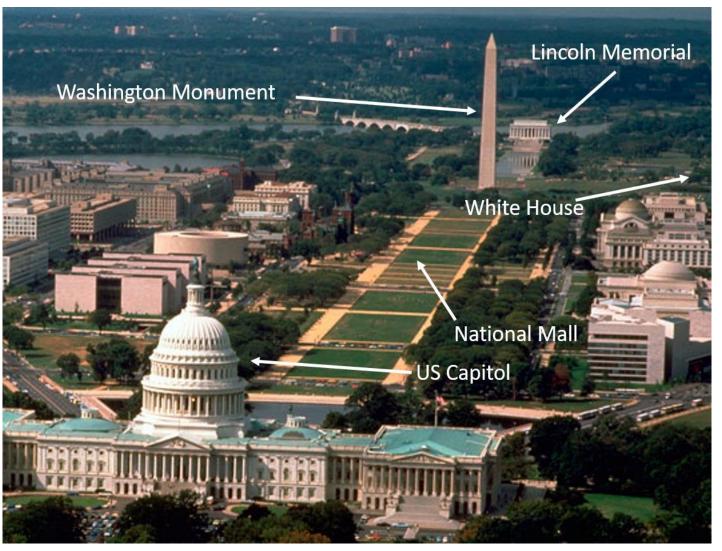
Washington Monument

- Stone obelisk
- Opened in 1888
- Western end of the National Mall
- Commemorates George Washington
 - First President
 - Father of our Country
 - Commander of Continental Army





National Mall Washington DC





Details

- 555 feet high tallest building in Washington DC;
 one of tallest in the world
- 50 state flags circle the monument
- Stairs (now unused) & elevator to Observation Room at the top – windows on each side
- 4 walls are 55 feet long, 15 feet thick at base
- Top is called a pyramidion small capped pyramid
- Two shades of stone, changing at about 100 feet up
 - Break in construction; original quarry wasn't available



Check on Learning



- 1. What's the name of the area where the Washington Monument sits?
- 2. How tall is the Washington Monument?
- 3. Why are there two shades of stone used on the Washington Monument?
- 4. If you want the workout, can you take the stairs up to the top of the monument?



THE LINCOLN & JEFFERSON MEMORIALS

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

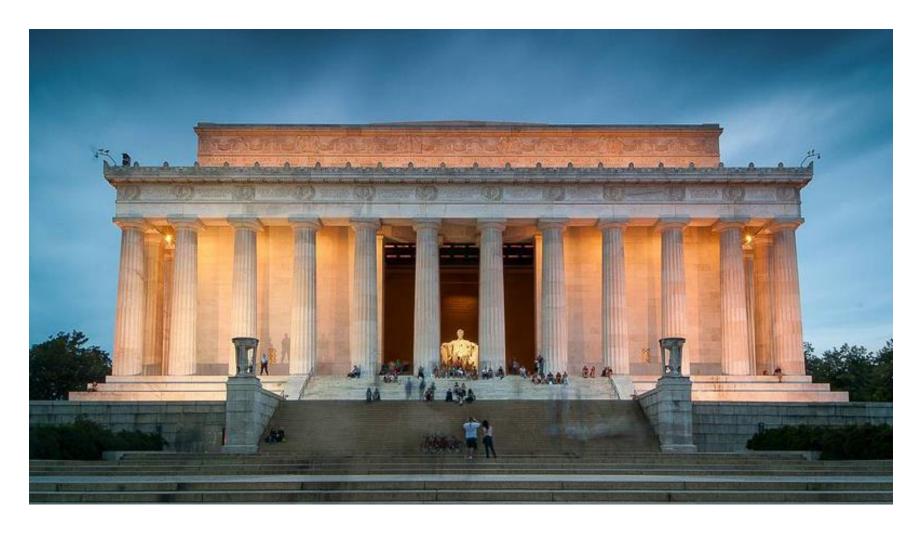
2. Describe the Lincoln and Jefferson Memorials, their key features, and why they are symbols of American pride.

Essential Question: What are the Lincoln and Jefferson Memorials and why are they symbols of American pride?



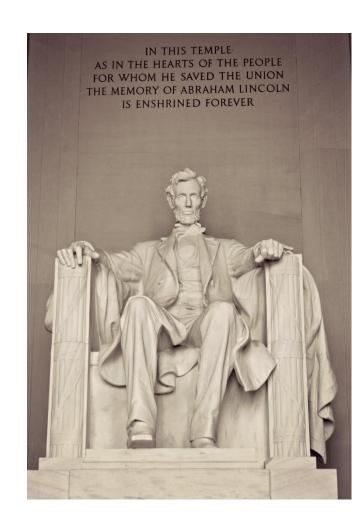
- Memorial to Abraham Lincoln
- 16th President of the United States
- Led the US to victory in the American Civil War
- Issued the Emancipation Proclamation, ending slavery as an institution
- Assassinated in 1865 by John Wilkes Booth
- Memorial is located at the far west end of the National Mall







- The theme of the building is the Union
 - 36 columns represent the 36 states in 1865
 - 48 states (current at time of construction) are carved on outside walls. AK & HI have a plaque
- Famous statue of Lincoln seated, facing the Washington Monument & Capitol – it's 19 feet high
- 2 stone tables engraved with Lincoln's 2nd inaugural address and Gettysburg Address
- 2 murals represent freedom, justice, unity, brotherhood, and charity



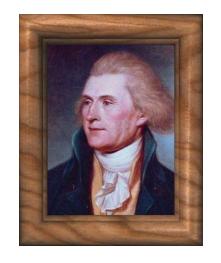


- One of the most profound symbols of American Democracy
- Celebrates accomplishments of democracy
- Lincoln is one of our most beloved Presidents
- Lincoln Memorial is modeled after the Parthenon in Greece
- Great place for people to gather for rallies, speeches, etc.





- Memorial to Thomas Jefferson
 - 3rd President of the United States
 - Founding Father
 - Principal author of Declaration of Independence
 - First Secretary of State
 - Known for ideals of Republicanism, freedom
- Memorial was dedicated by President Roosevelt in 1941
- Stands across the Tidal Basin from the White House

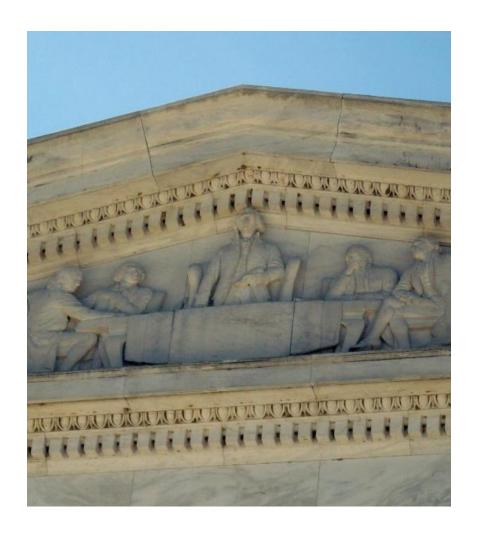








- Circular structure with shallow dome supported by columns
- Two porticos
- Triangular pediment
 with sculpture depicting
 the Declaration of
 Independence
 Committee submitting
 their document to
 Congress







- Statue of Thomas
 Jefferson stands in the center of the building
- Surrounded by columns and quotes from Jefferson



Check on Learning



- 1. Name three things Lincoln is famous for.
- 2. Where is the Lincoln Memorial in Washington DC?
- 3. Name two things Jefferson is known for.
- 4. What's in the middle of the Jefferson Memorial?



THE US CAPITOL

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

3. Describe the US Capitol, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the US Capitol and why is it a symbol of American pride?



US Capitol



Video URL: https://youtu.be/RHUnkO8ZbNc

- One of the most recognizable government buildings in the world
- Anchors the east end of the National Mall
- Contains the Houses of Congress (Senate and House) and many congressional offices
- It's the seat of our government



US Capitol





US Capitol Rotunda

- Large domed circular room
- Located in the center of the Capitol
- Inspired by Pantheon, ancient Roman temple





US Capitol Dome

- Sits atop the Capitol Rotunda
- 288' tall, 96' diameter
- Interior dome rises 180' over Rotunda floor
- Topped by the Statue of Freedom
- Iconic symbol of our government





Statue of Freedom



- Sits atop the US Capitol dome
- 19.5' tall
- Made in 1863
- Classic female figure
 with long flowing hair,
 wearing a helmet with a
 crest of an eagle's head
- Classical dress of flowing robes



Statue of Freedom

- Right hand rests on hilt of sheathed sword
- Left hand holds a laurel wreath of victory and the shield of the US
- Stands on a globe enscribed with E Pluribus Unum (out of many, one)
- Below the globe, fasces (symbols of the authority of government)





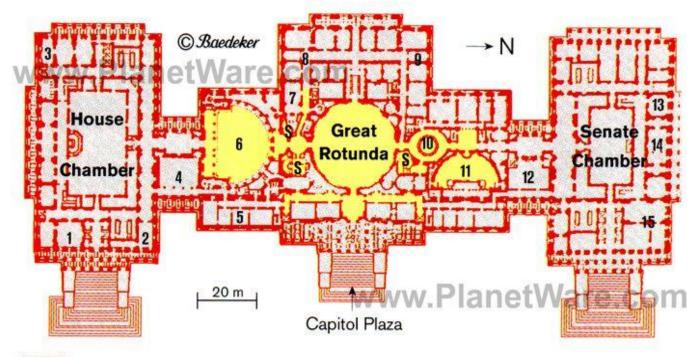
National Statuary Hall



- Some of the 100 statues donated by the 50 states for display in the Capitol
- California's two statues:
 - Ronald Reagan (in the Rotunda)
 - Father Junipero Serra (in the Nat'l Statuary Hall)
- The Whispering Gallery: acoustical effect where you can hear people from across the room like they were standing next to you (certain spots in this hall)



Principal Floor





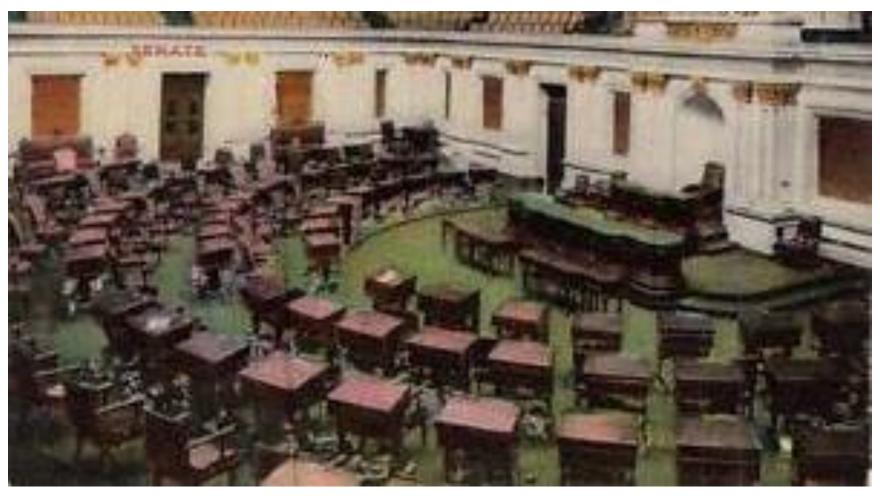
Open to public

- 1 Speaker's Formal Office
- 2 Ways and Means Committee
- 3 Committee on Appropriations
- 4 House Reception Room
- 5 Speaker's Office
- 6 Statuary Hall
- 7 Foreign Affairs Subcommittee
- 8 Congressmen's Private Offices

- 9 Senator's Private Offices
- 10 Small Senate Rotunda
- 11 Old Senate Chamber
- 12 Senate Conference Room
- 13 President's Room
- 14 Marble Room
- 15 Vice President's Office
 - S Stairs to lower floor



Senate Chamber





House Chamber





Art in the Capitol



- So much it's hard to sum up
- Statues, paintings, friezes, busts, tile, architectural decoration
- A lot by artist Constantino Brumidi
- Massive paintings of early America and its founding



"Capitol Insurrection"

- January 6, 2021
- People who attended a Trump rally against the 2020 election results went to the Capitol, illegally entered, destroyed some property, sought politicians they viewed as promoting the Biden presidency. 5 people

died, including a Capitol Police officer

 America lost credibility around the world





Check on Learning



- 1. What lies under the dome of the Capitol?
- 2. What two houses of Congress are in the US Capitol?
- 3. How tall is the dome, outside and inside?
- 4. What are California's two official statues at the US Capitol?
- 5. What happened on 6 JAN 2021 at the Capitol?



THE WHITE HOUSE

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

4. Describe the White House, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the White House and why is it a symbol of American pride?



The White House

- Official residence and office of the President
- 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
- Burned by the British in 1814
- President's family lives on top two floors
- Presidential offices are in the West Wing
- 132 rooms, 35 bathrooms,6 levels





The White House



View from the North



The White House



View from the South



The White House

- Six Floors: 2 basements, 2 public floors, 2 floors for the First Family
- Tourists see the most beautiful and historic rooms including the East Room, the Green Room, the Blue Room, the Red Room, and the State Dining Room

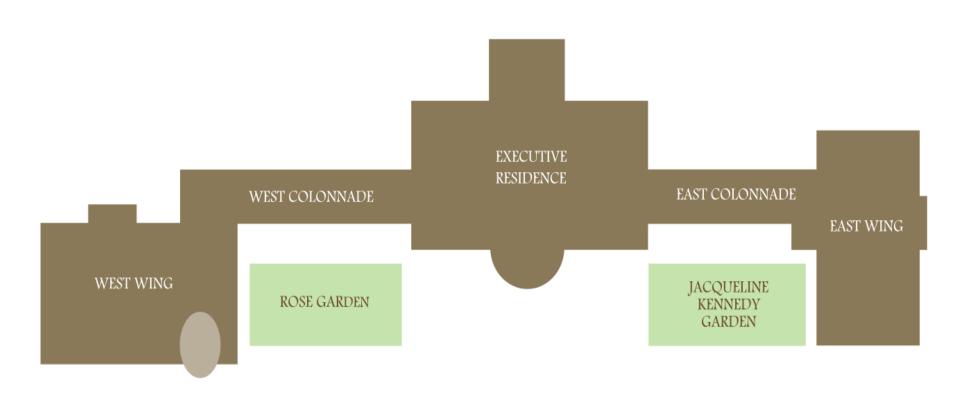
HITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

 The Oval Office is where the President does the business of the country



The White House





Check on Learning



- 1. What are the two principal functions of the White House?
- 2. The White House has come under attack once. Name the incident.
- 3. T / F Tourist visitors get to see a small part of the family residence.
- 4. What is the President's workplace called?



THE STATUE OF LIBERTY

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

5. Describe the Statue of Liberty, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the Statue of Liberty and why is it a symbol of American pride?



The Statue of Liberty



Video URL: https://youtu.be/YPaLGP_xr-w



The Statue of Liberty

- Stands on Liberty Island in New York Harbor
- Symbol of Liberty and Democracy
- Gift from the French People in 1886
- 151' high; pedestal is 89' high; base is 65' high
- Made of copper
- Metal framework inside made by Gustave Eiffel (of Eiffel Tower fame)
- Sculptor was Frederic-August Bertholdi



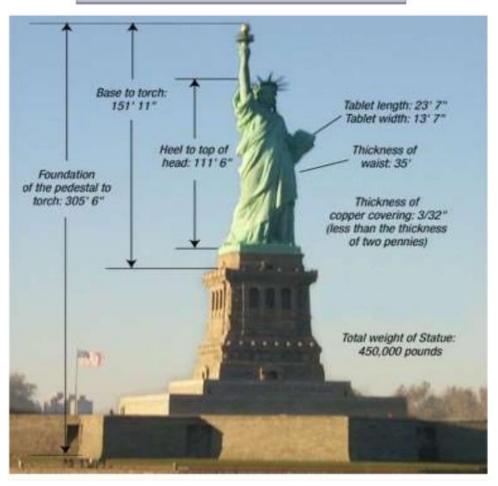


The Statue of Liberty

Symbols:

- Statue of *Libertas*, a robed Roman goddess of liberty
- Holding a torch symbolizing Enlightenment
- Holding a plaque with July 4, 1776 written on it in Roman numerals
- 7 points of the crown = 7 continents
- Liberty Island is right next to Ellis Island, where millions of immigrants entered the US 1892-1954
- Welcomes immigrants to our shores
- The statue also symbolizes friendship between nations and freedom from oppression

HEIGHT & WEIGHT



Practical Exercise

- What is July 4, 1776 in Roman Numerals?
- Hints:

$$>V=5$$

$$>$$
 X = 10

$$>$$
 L = 50

$$> C = 100$$

$$> D = 500$$

$$> M = 1000$$



Check on Learning



- 1. Name 5 facts about the symbology of the Statue of Liberty.
- 2. What do the 7 points of the crown represent?
- 3. What island is next to Liberty Island in New York Harbor? How does it relate to the Statue of Liberty?
- 4. How tall is the statue?



THE LIBERTY BELL

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

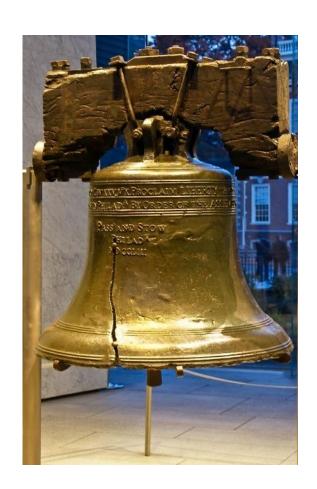
6. Describe the Liberty Bell, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the Liberty Bell and why is it a symbol of American pride?



The Liberty Bell

- Hangs in a display room in Independence National Historical Park in Philadelphia
- Made for the Philadelphia statehouse.
 Cracked when first rung, so they melted it down and re-cast the bell
- It hung in the Philadelphia Statehouse from 1753 to 1840's
- Myths about ringing during the Revolution or announcement of the Declaration of Independence are exaggerated. It wasn't considered a special bell. It may have been rung, with other bells, during times of significance





The Liberty Bell

- In the 1840's, abolitionists took it as a symbol for freeing slaves
- The crack is believed to have happened in the 1840's from many years of use
- The city attempted to repair the crack, but it only got worse
- The crack is just over 2 feet long





The Liberty Bell

<u>Inscriptions on the Bell</u>:

- ✓ "Proclaim Liberty Throughout All the Land Unto All the inhabitants
 thereof" is a quote from the King James Bible, Leviticus 25:10.
- ✓ "By Order of the ASSEMBLY of the Province of PENSYLVANIA [sic] for the State House in Philada"
- ✓ Pass and Stow are the metalworkers who fashioned the bell
- ✓ **Philad**a an abbreviation for Philadelphia
- ✓ MDCCLIII Roman numerals for 1753





Check on Learning



- 1. What city is the bell displayed in? What was the significance of that city to the founding of the United States?
- 2. What group of people (cause) made the bell famous for symbolizing liberty?
- 3. How long is the crack?
- 4. Where did the bell hang when it was operational?



MOUNT RUSHMORE

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

<u>Plan of Action</u>:

7. Describe Mount Rushmore, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is Mount Rushmore, and why is it a symbol of American pride?



Mount Rushmore

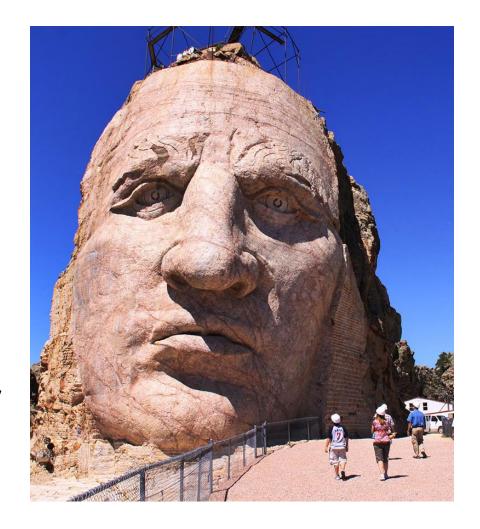
- Unique symbol of America
- Located in South Dakota's Black Hills
- Faces of Presidents:
 - George Washington represents America's birth
 - Thomas Jefferson represents America's growth
 - Teddy Roosevelt represents America's development
 - Abraham Lincoln represents America's preservation





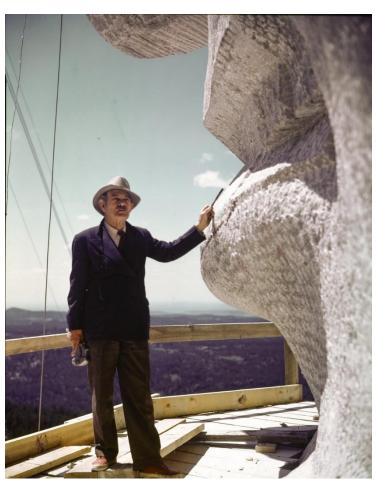
Controversy

- Some people look at Mount Rushmore as a colossal tribute to America's great presidents
- Others look at Mount Rushmore as the faces of a bunch of white guys who oppressed people of color gouged into sacred Native American land
- One response was to create a nearby sculpture of Chief Crazy Horse. It's still incomplete, but will eventually be twice as big as Mount Rushmore





Mount Rushmore



- Sculptor was Gutzon Borgium
- Created between 1927 and 1941
- Went from busts to just faces
 funding issues
- Heads are 60 feet tall
- Black Hills are sacred to Lakota Sioux tribe
 - Given to Sioux by treaty in 1868
 - Taken back when gold was discovered in 1870



Check on Learning



- 1. Name the four presidents honored on Mount Rushmore.
- 2. Which year was the sculpture completed?
 - a) 1915 c) 1941
 - b) 1927 d) 1960
- 3. Describe the controversy over Mount Rushmore as a national monument.
- 4. What's the name of the area in South Dakota that Mount Rushmore lies in?



US AND CALIFORNIA SEALS

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

8. Describe the US and California Seals, their key features, and how they represent the US and California.

Essential Question: What are the US and California Seals and how do they represent the US and State of California?



The Great Seal of the United States



Created by Founding Fathers between July 4, 1776 and June 20, 1782. It's a unique combination of symbols and mottos that convey the vision of America.



Front of the Seal

Front: On the breast of the American bald eagle_is a shield with thirteen vertical white and red stripes beneath a blue chief. In the eagle's right talon is an olive branch, and in his left a bundle of thirteen arrows. In his beak is a scroll inscribed with the motto E Pluribus Unum. Over the head of the eagle, a golden glory is breaking through a cloud and surrounding a constellation of thirteen stars on an azure field.





Back of the Seal



Back: In the zenith of an unfinished pyramid is an eye in a triangle surrounded with a golden glory. Much speculation has taken place about the meaning of these two symbols. Over the eye are the words Annuit Coeptis (providence favors our undertakings). On the base of the pyramid are the numerical letters MDCCLXXVI (1776), and underneath, the motto Novus Ordo Seclorum (new order of the ages).



Symbology

American Bald Eagle	Symbol of the United States of America, representing freedom
Shield	13 vertical stripes representing 13 original states supporting a Chief (the
	blue part) representing Congress
Olive Branch	Represents peace
Bundle of 13 Arrows	Represents war
E Pluribus Unum	Latin Motto: "From Many, One"
Glory	Heraldic term for an emanation of light rays, usually golden
Constellation of 13 Stars	The 13 original states. Arrangement of the stars went from a random
	arrangement to a hexagram (two triangles intersecting to form a six-
	pointed star)
Unfinished Pyramid	The pyramid symbolizes strength and duration. There are 13 layers of
	stones. It is unfinished, always growing.
Eye	The Eye of Providence (all-seeing eye of God) surrounded by glory
	represents divine providence, whereby the eye of God watches over
	humanity
Annuit Coeptis	Latin Motto: "(Providence) favors our undertakings. Annuit Coeptis
	means 'favors undertakings. The Eye of Providence is the subject.
MDCCLXXVI	1776 in Roman Numerals
Novus Ordo Seclorum	Latin Motto: "A New Order of the Ages"
·	



The Great Seal of the State of California



Adopted by the Constitutional Convention of 1849, when California achieved statehood



Description

California's seal has 31 stars on the upper edge. There's a grizzly bear feeding on grape vines next to a sheaf of grain. Below the Sierra Nevada Mountains, a miner works near the Sacramento River, which is shown busy with commercial traffic. The word "Eureka" (Greek for "I have found it") is the California State Motto. Minerva, the Roman goddess of wisdom, overlooks the scene.





Symbology

31 Stars	31 is the number of states that existed in 1850 when California was admitted to the Union
Grizzly Bear	State Animal of California, abundant wildlife in the state
Grape Vines	Significant crop in California
Sheaf of Grain	Represents the agricultural richness of California
Sierra Nevada Mountains	Overlook most of California, and site of the 1849 Gold Rush
Gold Miner	Another symbol of the 1849 Gold Rush
Sacramento River	Significant river; leads to the mountains of the Gold Rush
Ships on River	Symbolizes significant commercial traffic contributing to California's economy
"Eureka"	Greek motto: "I have found it" referring to the discovery of gold
Minerva	Roman goddess of wisdom who sprang full grown from the brain of Jupiter; California sprang full grown as a state without first going through the status of being a territory



Check on Learning



1. What is the translated meaning of the motto "E Pluribus Unum"?

2. Point out the 6 symbols on the seal:

a) American Eagle

e) Motto

b) Shield

f) Glory

c) Olive Branch

g) Constellation

d) Sheaf of Arrows

3. On the California Seal, what does "Eureka" mean, and what does it symbolize?



PATRIOTIC HOLIDAYS

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

9. Describe the patriotic holidays, when each one is, and what they celebrate.

Essential Question: What and when are the patriotic holidays, and what do they celebrate?



Patriotic Holidays

America has six national patriotic holidays:

- ➤ President's Day 3rd Monday in February
- Memorial Day Last Monday in May
- Flag Day June 14
- ➤ Independence Day July 4
- ➤ Constitution Day September 17
- Veteran's Day November 11







President's Day

- Celebrated annually on the 3rd Monday in February
- Commemorates all who have served in the office of President of the United States
- Officially, the U.S. government still calls the day "Washington's Birthday"
- Some think it is a combination of Lincoln's Birthday and Washington's
- President Nixon wanted it to be a celebration of all Presidents, and he signed a
 proclamation to that effect, though it is not an official law





Memorial Day

- Last Monday each May
- Honors all who have died in the service of our country, especially in the United States Military forces
- In 1886, General John Logan declared first official Memorial Day for Civil War soldiers





Flag Day



- June 14th
- Celebrates the day our flag became an official symbol of our country on that day in 1777 by an Act of the Second Continental Congress
- Not a federal holiday, but President Woodrow
 Wilson in 1916 declared it a national day to celebrate the flag's history and meaning



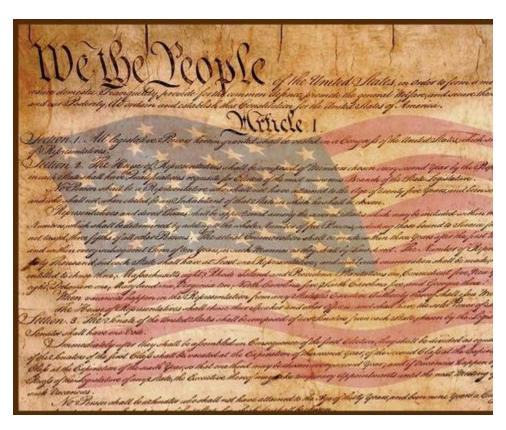
Independence Day

- July 4, 1776 was the date the colonies adopted the Declaration of Independence from Great Britain
- Now a national holiday; the most patriotic of all holidays





Constitution Day

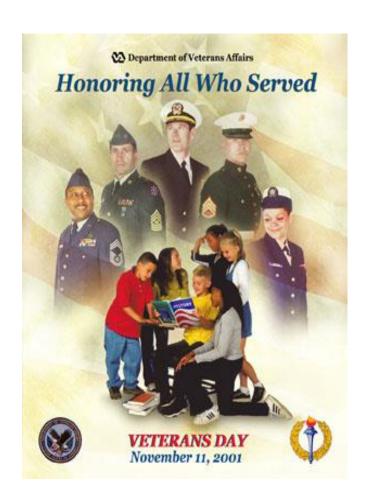


- Commemorates the day in 1787 when the new states adopted the new U.S. Constitution
- September 17
- Not an official holiday; rather it is an "observance"



Veteran's Day

- November 11
- Used to be called *Armistice Day*
- Celebrates the day that World War 1 officially ended in 1918
- Commemorates the signing of the "armistice" or peace treaty between the Allies and Germany
- Celebrates all who have served in our nation's military





Memorial vs Veteran's Day

- Memorial (think funeral) Day honors those who died in service to our country
- Veteran's Day (think, well, Veterans) honors all those who served



VS





Check on Learning



- 1. When is Memorial Day?
- 2. When is Flag Day?
- 3. When is Constitution Day?
- 4. What two presidents are especially connected to Presidents' Day?
- Describe the difference between Memorial Day and Veteran's Day.



THE MEDAL OF HONOR

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

10. Describe the Medal of Honor, what it signifies, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the Medal of Honor and why is it as symbol of American pride?



Medal of Honor

- Highest and most prestigious military decoration awarded within the US military services
- 3 varied medals:
 - Army
 - Navy, Marines, Coast Guard
 - Air Force, Space Force
- First authorized in 1861
 - 40% of MOH were issued in Civil War
 - It was the only existing award
 - The rules weren't as tight as today
- 3526 medals have been awarded to 3507 individuals
 - 19 have been awarded twice
 - Two father-son pairs have received it
 - One woman (Dr Mary Walker, Civil War)
- March 25 is National Medal of Honor Day



Coast Guard



Medal of Honor

- Medals are periodically reviewed
- In 1917, a board deleted 911 medals that had not met the requirements
- People who have been submitted for the MOH but received a lesser medal have later had their award upgraded to the MOH. This is usually due to perceived racism leading to the award being initially downgraded
- Many awards in the past 40 years have been due to reevaluating awards denied to people of color



Requirements for MOH



- Must be so outstanding it clearly distinguishes his/her gallantry beyond the call of duty
- Must involve the risk of his/her life
- Must be the type of deed which, if not done, would not subject him/her to any justified criticism – no one expects such rare heroism
- Deed must be witnessed by at least two eyewitnesses

 Nominees for the Medal of Honor go through an extensive nomination and interview process beginning with their commanding officer and ending with the President. It is an extraordinarily rare honor reserved for the very best servicemembers.



Perks for MOH Recipients

- ➤ Being awarded the Medal of Honor comes with a few perks. By law, recipients have several benefits: Name entered on Medal of Honor Roll
 - Special MOH Pension above and beyond the normal military pension (about \$1400/month)
 - Enlisted recipients of the Medal of Honor are entitled to a supplemental uniform allowance
 - Special air transportation benefits for MOH Awardees and their family
 - Special identification cards and commissary and exchange privileges
 - Eligible for burial at Arlington National Cemetery if not otherwise eligible
 - Fully qualified children of recipients automatically appointed to any of the US service academies
 - 10% increase in retired pay
 - MOH Flag
 - Invitation to all future presidential inaugurations and inaugural balls
 - Many states offer a special license plate





Tradition

Although not required by law or military regulation, members of the uniformed services are encouraged to render salutes to recipients of the Medal of Honor as a matter of respect and courtesy regardless of rank or status, whether or not they are in uniform. This is one of the few instances where a living member of the military will receive salutes from members of a higher rank.





Practical Exercise

 Search online for Medal of Honor stories and relay one that inspires you to your class





Check on Learning



- Were many Medals of Honor awarded during the Revolutionary War?
- 2. How many styles of MOH exist currently, and what's awarded to who?
- 3. Name three perks MOH recipients get.
- 4. How many women have won the MOH?



ARLINGTON CEMETERY & THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

11. Describe Arlington Cemetery and the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier, their key features, and why they are a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What happens at Arlington National Cemetery, and why is it a symbol of American pride?



Arlington National Cemetery

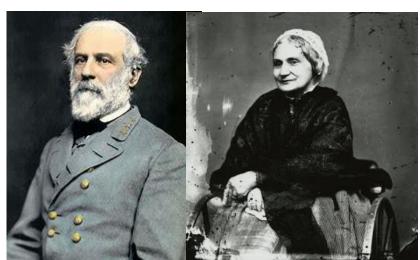
- Premier US Military cemetery
- > 600 acres in Arlington, VA
- Overlooks Washington DC
- > 400,000 servicemembers buried there
- Established during Civil War, 1864
- Former home of Robert E. Lee



History

- Home and land owned by Mary Anna Custis Lee, wife of Robert E. Lee
- They had to leave at beginning of Civil War
- US Army occupied the house and grounds
- Used it as an Army Camp for the defense of Washington DC
- In 1864, established cemetery for Union soldiers
- Established a village for freed slaves

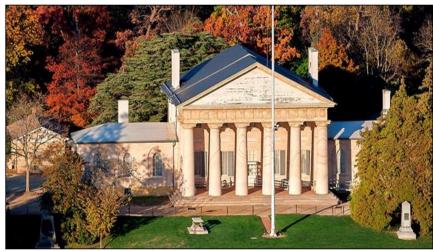


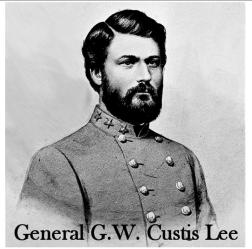




History

- After the war, Lee family worked to get property back, unsuccessfully
- In 1882, the Supreme Court finally ruled in favor of the Lees (Custis Lee, son of Mary and Robert)
- US Government was forced to purchase the property at fair market value
- Arlington House is seen as a memorial to Robert E. Lee







Famous Graves

- President John F. Kennedy's grave is marked with an 'eternal flame.' The remains of his wife, Jacqueline Kennedy Onassis, their son Patrick, stillborn daughter Arabella, brothers Senator Robert F. Kennedy and Senator Edward M. "Ted" Kennedy are buried nearby.
- President William Howard Taft
- General of the Armies John J. Pershing
- Astronauts Gus Grissom and Roger Chaffee (killed in Apollo 1 command module fire)
- Astronaut John Glenn
- 367 Medal of Honor recipients, including Audie Murphy
- Almost 100 flag officers (generals/admirals)
- Thousands of military heroes
- Hundreds of thousands of servicemembers





Memorials & Monuments

•	Argonne Cross (World War I)	•	Pan Am Flight 103 Memorial Cairn
•	Battle of the Bulge Memorial	•	Pentagon Group Burial Marker (9/11)
•	Beirut Barracks Memorial	•	Rough Riders Memorial
•	Canadian Cross of Sacrifice	•	General Philip H. Sheridan Memorial Grave
•	Chaplains Hill Monuments	•	Space Shuttle Challenger Memorial
•	Coast Guard Memorial	•	Space Shuttle Columbia Memorial
•	Confederate Memorial	•	Spanish-American War Memorial
•	Sir John Dill Memorial Grave	•	Spanish-American War Nurses Memorial
•	Group Burials	•	President William Howard Taft Memorial Grave
•	Iran Rescue Mission Memorial	•	<u>Tanner Amphitheater</u>
•	Major General Philip Kearny Memorial Grave	•	Third Infantry Division Memorial
•	President John F. Kennedy Memorial Grave	•	Tomb of the Civil War Unknowns
•	Robert F. Kennedy Grave	•	Tomb of the Unknown Soldier
•	Korean War Memorial Contemplative Bench	•	USS Maine Memorial
•	McClellan Gate	•	<u>USS Serpens Memorial</u>
•	Memorial Amphitheater	•	USS Thresher National Commemorative Monument
•	Memorial Avenue	•	Woodhull Memorial Flagstaff
•	Nurses Memorial	•	Women in Military Service for America



Tomb of the Unknown Soldier

- Most iconic of all memorials
- Sarcophagus containing remains of unknown soldiers from WW1, WW2, and Korean War
- Established in 1921
- Guarded 24/7 by special soldiers from 3rd Infantry Regiment
- "Here rests in honored glory an American soldier known but to God"





"The Old Guard"

- 3rd Infantry Regiment
- US Army's official ceremonial unit
- Guards the Tomb
- Escorts the President for ceremonies
- Provides funeral honors
- Guards are hand-picked & rigorously trained
- Must be able to flawlessly perform 7 types of walks, honors, & ceremonies, memorize information
- Commit to no alcohol for the rest of their life





Tomb Guard Routine



- 21 steps down the 63-foot long black mat
- Turns & faces east for 21 seconds
- Turns & faces north/south
- Left or Right Shoulder Arms (side of visitors)
- Waits 21 seconds
- 21 steps down the black mat
- 21 is from 21-gun salute (highest honor)
- Changing of the Guard every 30 minutes
- The ultimate in precision & attention to detail



Changing of the Guard





Check on Learning



- 1. Where is Arlington National Cemetery?
- 2. What is the most iconic memorial there?
- 3. Who originally owned the land the cemetery is built on?
- 4. What happened to get the land transferred to the US Government for the cemetery?
- 5. What's the symbolic number used in the Tomb Guard routine?



THE WORLD WAR II MEMORIAL

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

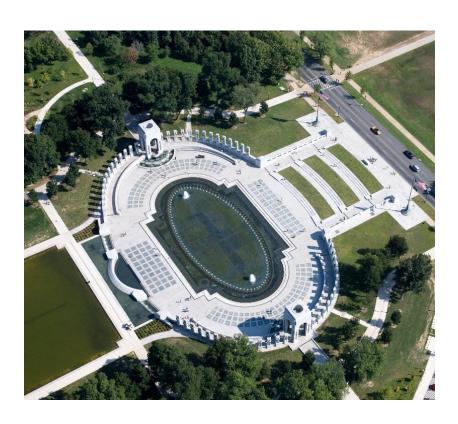
<u>Plan of Action</u>:

12. Describe the World War II Memorial, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the World War II Memorial, and why is it a symbol of American pride?



World War II Memorial





Located on the National Mall between the Washington Monument and Lincoln Memorial



World War II Memorial





Bas-Relief Panels



- 24 panels flanking the entrance to the memorial
- 12 scenes from the home front and the Pacific Theater on the south side, 12 from the home front and European Theater on the north side



Pillars

- 56 pillars
- One for each state, 8 for territories





Victory Pavilions



Large rendering of the World War II Victory Medal on the floor, names of great battles, bald eagle sculptures holding a laurel victory wreath suspended above.



Freedom Wall



Wall of 4048 gold stars. One for every 100 Americans who died in World War II.



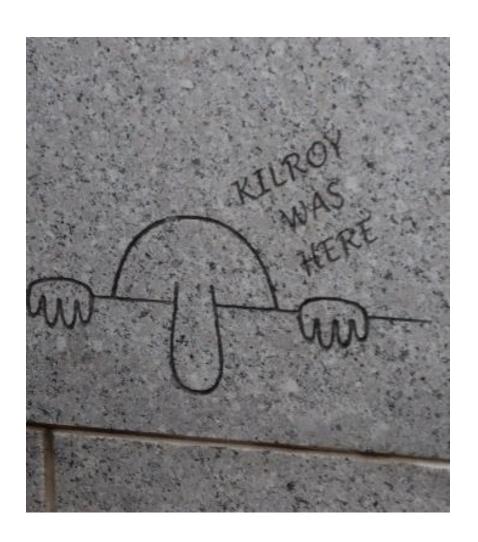
Fountain





Kilroy

- Popular piece of graffiti
- Drawn by American troops
- Universal sign that American soldiers had come through an area
- German belief that Kilroy was some kind of superspy who could go anywhere he pleased
- There are two Kilroys hidden within the World War II Memorial





Quotations

WOMEN WHO STEPPED UP
WERE MEASURED AS CITIZENS
OF THE NATION, NOT AS WOMEN...
THIS WAS A PEOPLE'S WAR,
AND EVERYONE WAS IN IT.

COLONEL OVETA CULP HOBBY

WE ARE DETERMINED
THAT BEFORE THE SUN SETS ON THIS
TERRIBLE STRUGGLE OUR FLAG WILL BE RECOGNIZED
THROUGHOUT THE WORLD AS A SYMBOL OF FREEDOM
ON THE ONE HAND AND OF OVERWHELMING
FORCE ON THE OTHER.

OUR DEBT TO THE
HEROIC MEN AND VALIANT
WOMEN IN THE SERVICE
OF OUR COUNTRY CAN
NEVER BE REPAID. THEY
HAVE EARNED OUR
UNDYING GRATITUDE.
AMERICA WILL NEVER
FORGET THEIR SACRIFICES.
PRESIDENT HARRY STRUMAN

PEARL HARBOR

DECEMBER 7, 1941, A DATE
WHICH WILL LIVE IN INFAMY...
NO MATTER HOW LONG IT
MAY TAKE US TO OVERCOME
THIS PREMEDITATED INVASION
THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, IN
THEIR RIGHTEOUS MIGHT,
WILL WIN THROUGH
TO ABSOLUTE VICTORY.

PRESIDENT FRANKLING, ROOSEVELY



Quotations

THEY HAVE GIVEN THEIR SONS TO THE MILITARY SERVICES. THEY HAVE STOKED THE FURNACES AND HURRIED THE FACTORY WHEELS. THEY HAVE MADE THE PLANES AND WELDED THE TANKS, RIVETED THE SHIPS AND ROLLED THE SHELLS.

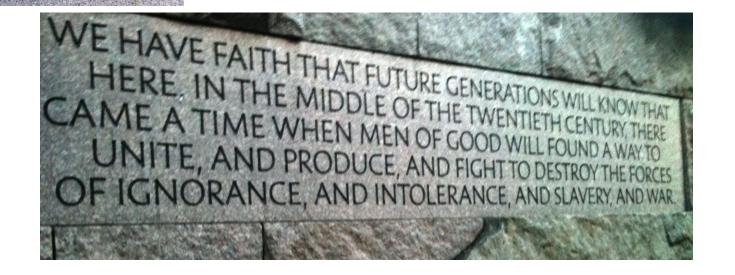
PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

THEY FOUGHT TOGETHER AS
BROTHERS-IN-ARMS. THEY DIED
TOGETHER AND NOW THEY
SLEEP SIDE BY SIDE. TO THEM
WE HAVE A SOLEMN OBLIGATION.

ADMIRAL CHESTER W. NIMITZ.

THE HEROISM OF OUR OWN TROOPS...WAS MATCHED BY THAT OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE NATIONS THAT FOUGHT BY OUR SIDE... THEY ABSORBED THE BLOWS... AND THEY SHARED TO THE FULL IN THE ULTIMATE DESTRUCTION OF THE ENEMY.

PRESIDENT HARRY STRUMAN





Check on Learning



- 1. Which two theaters of operation are the victory pavilions dedicated to?
- 2. On the freedom wall, each star represents how many WW2 losses of life?
- 3. Who was Kilroy?
- 4. Where on the National Mall is the WW2 Memorial?
- 5. Describe what a bas-relief sculpture is.



THE US MARINE CORPS MEMORIAL

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

13. Describe the US Marine Corps Memorial, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the US Marine Corps Memorial, and why is it a symbol of American pride?



USMC Memorial





USMC Memorial

- Dedicated to all Marines who have given their lives in defense of the US since 1775
- Based off famous photo on Iwo Jima in WW2
- A group of Marines raised a small flag over Mount Suribachi – visible far and wide
- Photographer won a Pulitzer Prize for the photo
- Memorial opened in 1954
- Located in Arlington, VA across the Potomac from the National Mall



Check on Learning



- 1. Which war does this statue represent?
- 2. Which battle is depicted? Where is that located?
- 3. Who is the memorial dedicated to?
- 4. What did the photographer who took the original photo win for it?



THE KOREAN WAR VETERANS MEMORIAL

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

<u>Plan of Action</u>:

14. Describe the Korean War Memorial, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the Korean War Memorial, and why is it a symbol of American pride?



Korean War Veterans Memorial

- Opened in 1995
- Located near Lincoln Memorial on the National Mall
- Commemorates the sacrifices of 5.8 million Americans who served during the Korean War
- 19 stainless steel statues of soldiers in ponchos, 7 feet tall
- 14 Soldiers, 3 Marines, 1 Sailor, 1 Airman
- Arranged like a combat patrol
- Mural Wall and Reflecting Pool at tip





Korean War Veterans Memorial





Korean War Veterans Memorial





Mural Wall

- 164 foot long wall of polished granite
- > 2500 images
- Land, Sea, Air troops
- Reflects statues as 38 soldiers
- 38 months in war
- 38th Parallel is border w/N. Korea





Pool of Remembrance

- Circular pool ~ 128 feet in diameter
- Surrounded by Linden trees
- Tip of triangle with statues of soldiers and flagpole reaches into the pool





Honor Roll & UN Curb

- A kiosk containing the Korean War Honor Roll stands at the west entrance. The honor roll has the names of all the military personnel who lost their lives during the Korean War
- A dedication stone at the tip of the triangle reads:
 Our nation honors her sons and daughters who answered the call to defend a country they never knew and a people they never met
- The curb running around the north end of the statues lists the 22 nations that participated in the Korean War





Check on Learning



- 1. What is the primary image of the Korean War Veterans Memorial?
- 2. The special number repeated throughout the memorial is _____.
- 3. Where can you find the National Korean War Veterans Memorial?



THE VIETNAM VETERANS' MEMORIAL

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

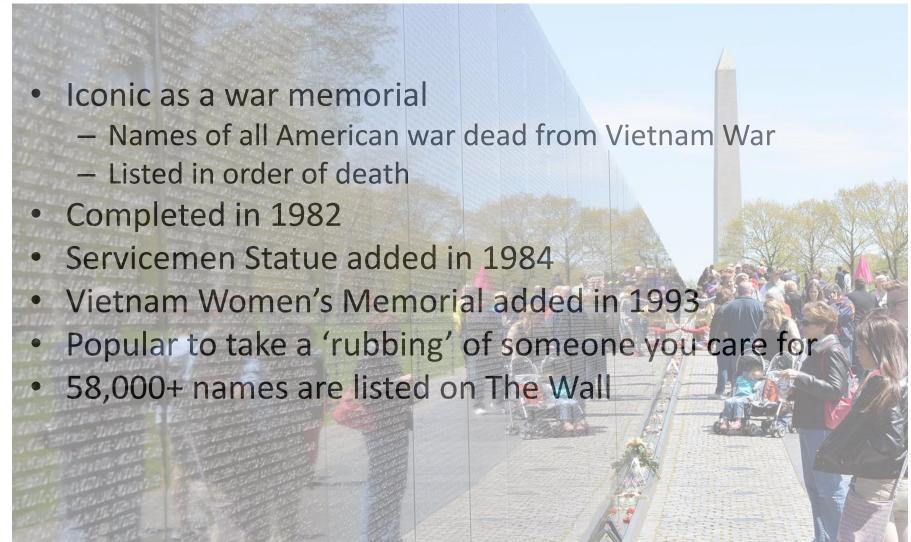
Plan of Action:

15. Describe the Vietnam Veterans' Memorial, its key features, and why it is a symbol of American pride.

Essential Question: What is the Vietnam Veterans' Memorial, and why is it a symbol of American pride?



Vietnam Veterans Memorial





Three Soldiers Statue

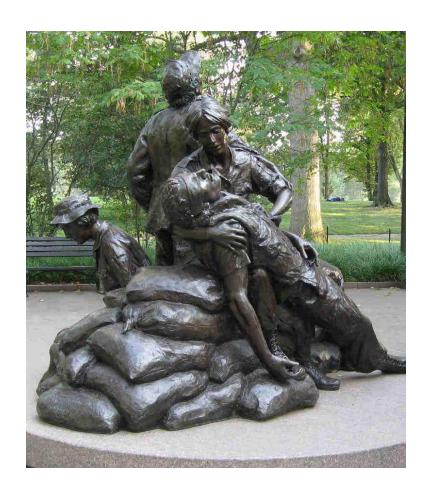


The Three Soldiers look at the Wall



Vietnam Women's Memorial

- Three female soldiers
- One a nurse caring for a wounded soldier
- Not an authentic depiction: Nurses in Vietnam were in rear area hospitals, not at the front. Medics would have cared for this soldier





The Moving Walls

- Several transportable replicas of The Wall
- The Moving Wall a ½ size replica, tours small towns and cities, usually staying for 5-6 days at each site.
- Often escorted by State Troopers and Patriot Guard Riders
- Hosted by veteran's organizations
- Replicas in Duluth MN, Pensacola FL, Wildwood NJ, South Sioux City NE, Layton UT, Elizabethtown KY, Perryville MO. Maybe more now!





Check on Learning



- 1. What are the two parts of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial other than The Wall?
- 2. About how many names are listed on The Wall?
- 3. Can you see The Wall without going to Washington DC? How?



SIGNIFICANT AMERICAN ACCOMPLISHMENTS

OBJECTIVES

DESIRED OUTCOME (Leadership)

At the conclusion of this training, Cadets will be familiar with the major symbols of American pride that represent American people, history, and national identity.

Plan of Action:

16. Name at least five significant achievements of the United States or Americans, and why they were significant.

Essential Question: What are some significant achievements of the United States or Americans, and why were they significant?



Significant American Accomplishments

- The US and Americans have accomplished many great things!
- Here are 10 that stand out:

- The Internet - The Trans-Ocean Cable

Cell Phones
 The first Nuclear Reactor

- Machine Guns- Model T Ford

- The Panama Canal - First in Flight

-Modern Submarine - Men on the Moon



#10: The Internet 1985

- Concept by the US Government in 1960's
- Started in the 1980's (gov't & academic)
- Expanded in the 1990's
- Can you imagine life without it?
- Think of life without mobile banking, online shopping, social media, online entertainment, online education, instant 24-hour news, online platform for protesting, online research



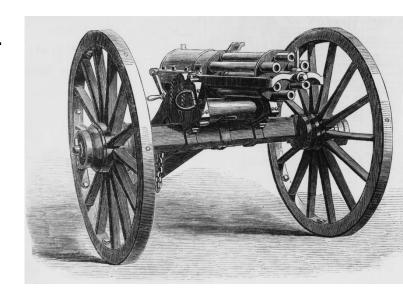
#9: Cell Phones 1973

Motorola developed first models



#8: Machine Guns 1862

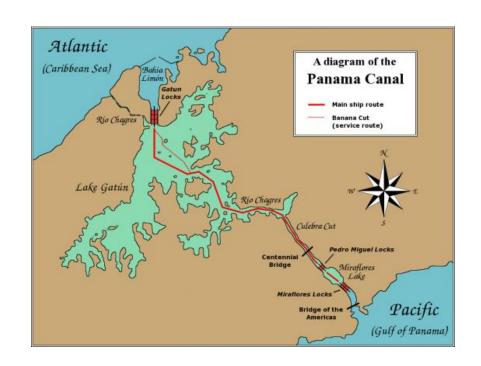
- Dr Gatling developed a handcranked multi- barrel gun used during the Civil War
- Hiram Maxim perfected the fully automatic machine gun





#7: Panama Canal 1914

- Direct access between Atlantic and Pacific Oceans without going around the bottom of South America
- Incredible engineering feat
- Medical breakthrough with malaria





#6 Modern Submarine 1900

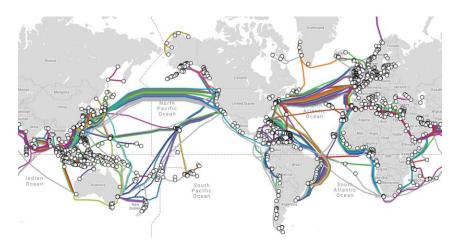
- Had been previous versions
 - Limited range, hand-powered craft
- John Holland's concept sold to US Navy, built as USS Holland
- Internal combustion engine on surface
- Batteries & motors when submerged





#5: Trans-Oceanic Cable 1858

- Cyrus Field masterminded massive project to lay a telegraph cable from North America to Europe
- Once done once, improvements were quicker, with telephone and data transmission cables laid across other oceans too
- Before this project, it took 10 days by boat to get a message across the Atlantic.
- 10 days!





#4: First Nuclear Reactor 1942

- Built in Chicago
- Manhattan Project to develop a nuclear weapon during World War 2
- Led to nuclear electricityproducing plants
- Potential source of energy for humankind if we can follow effective safety measures
- Could be done better in US where money, safety, and freedom made it possible





#3: Model T Ford 1908

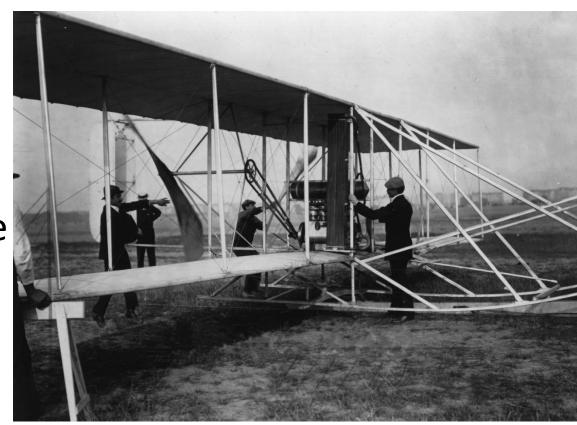
- Not the first practical car
- First mass produced practical car that normal people could afford
- Cost as low as \$260
- In the 1920's half the cars in the world were Ford Model T's.
- Took advantage of assembly lines
- 15 million were built





#2 First in Flight 1903

- Many working on this worldwide
- Wright Brothers were first to fly
- Dec 17, 1903
- Kitty Hawk, NC
- Wright Flyer is exhibited in the Nat'l Air & Space Museum in WA DC



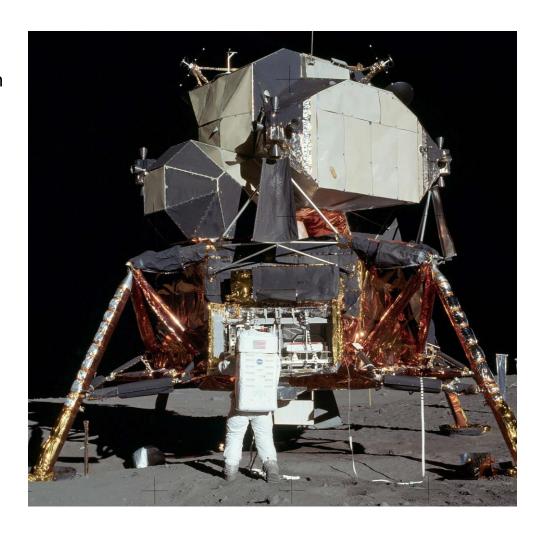


#1: Men on the Moon 1969

Apollo Lunar Landing Program

12 men have landed on the Moon
All Americans:

- 1. Neil Armstrong
- 2. David Scott
- 3. Buzz Aldrin
- 4. James Irwin
- 5. Pete Conrad
- 6. John Young
- 7. Alan Bean
- 8. Charles Duke
- 9. Alan Shepard
- 10. Eugene Cernan
- 11. Edgar Mitchell
- 12. Harrison Schmitt



Incredible accomplishment, added to scientific capabilities, knowledge, and superiority



Check on Learning



- 1. When were first cell phones developed?
- 2. How long did it take to get message from New York to England before the Trans-Atlantic Cable?
- 3. How many Model-T Fords were built? How?
- 4. Where did the first powered flight take place? What year?
- 5. How many people have landed on the Moon?