## FINANCES: CRITICAL CONSUMER

Name	

### Circle True or False:

- 1. **T** / **F** You were targeted by advertisers and marketers before you could read. (*B1*)
- 2. **T** / **F** Advertisers pay to promote their products through media aimed at you. (B1)
- 3. **T / F** It's never a good idea to wait overnight to purchase a "big ticket" item. (B1)
- 4. **T** / **F** The goal of bargain shopping is to NOT pay full retail price. (B2)
- 5. **T / F** Buying used items never saves you money. (B2)
- 6. **T/F** You are less likely to waste money when you use cash. (B2)
- 7. **T** / **F** Many brands are marketing hype. (B2)
- 8. **T / F** Generic items are just as good as name brands. (B2)
- 9. **T/F** When shopping online, reading consumer reviews is not helpful. (B2)
- 10.**T** / **F** Name brands ALWAYS means better quality. (B2)
- 11.**T** / **F** Cars are not "assets" because they depreciate. (B3)
- 12.**T** / **F** Loans or leases to purchase a car are fiscally foolish. (B3)
- 13.**T** / **F** It is not necessary to set a budget when buying a car. (B3)
- 14.**T** / **F** There are many on-line resources available to research features in a car. (B3)
- 15. **T / F** Trust your intuition when shopping for a car. (B3)
- 16.**T** / **F** If a car title says "SALVAGED" RUN! (B3)
- 17.**T** / **F** The FAFSA is only for student loans, not for scholarships or grants also. (B4)
- 18.**T** / **F** Student loan debt can take up to 20 years to repay. (B4)
- 19.**T** / **F** Every senior military college cadet must participate in the ROTC program. (B4)
- 20. **T** / **F** Military Tuition Assistance can be used for vocational/technical programs. (B4)
- 21.**T** / **F** Military Tuition Assistance can only be used while actively serving in the military. (B4)
- 22.**T** / **F** You can use BOTH the Montgomery GI Bill AND the Post 9/11 GI Bill. (B4)
- 23.**T** / **F** Post 9/11 GI Bill benefits never expire. (B4)
- 24. **T** / **F** Montgomery GI Bill benefits never expire. (B4)
- 25.**T** / **F** ROTC scholarships require you serve as an Officer after graduation. (B4)

#### Circle the most correct answer:

- 1. In simplest terms, marketing is the act of: (B1)
  - a. driving prices up
  - b. driving profits
  - c. driving profitable customer action
  - d. driving consumer response
- 2. The "4 P's" of marketing are: (B1)
  - a. Product, Price, Promotion, Place
  - b. Product, Price, Persuasion, People
  - c. Product, Proposals, Perseverance, Praise
  - d. Placement, People, Product, Persistence
- 3. The purpose of advertisements is to: (B1)
  - a. Educate you about their product
  - b. Influence you to buy their product
  - c. Hope to increase their sales
  - d. Do nothing. Advertising is useless.
- 4. What are the top three things most U.S. teens spend their money on? (B1)
  - a. Food, cars, dates
  - b. Clothes, food, video games
  - c. Electronics, sports, music
  - d. Food, clothing, cars
- 5. Top factors that influence our buying are: (B1)
  - a. Need the item
  - b. Friends have it, so I want it
  - c. Instant gratification
  - d. Want to impress others
  - e. All of the above

- 6. Tips for bargain shopping are: (B2)
  - a. Never buy new when used will do, pay with cash, buy name brand, pay full price
  - b. Never buy new when used will do, pay with cash, buy off-season, shop sales
  - c. Never buy new when used will do, use a credit card, buy peak season, buy offbrands
  - d. Never buy new when used will do, use a credit card, buy off-season, buy offbrands
- 7. Why should you pay with cash? (B2)
  - a. Less susceptible to an upsell
  - b. Less likely to waste money
  - c. You FEEL IT when it leaves your hands
  - d. All of the above
  - e. None of the above. You should use a credit card.
- 8. As an example, when would be a good time to buy a winter jacket and save between 20-90%? (B2)
  - a. End of winter when spring clothes come out
  - b. Summer
  - c. Fall
  - d. Winter
- 9. How can you be sure generic items are just as good as name brands? (B2)
  - a. Ask the store clerk
  - b. Compare labels for ingredients and nutrition
  - c. Believe the commercials
  - d. You can't be sure

#### Strand W1 Finances Section B Finances: Critical Consumer

- 10. What are some wise things to do when shopping at a brick and mortar store? (B2)
  - a. Shop when in a good mood
  - b. Shop alone (unless your shopping buddy is a bargain shopper)
  - c. Make a shopping list and stick to it!
  - d. Ask for discounts, haggle, or ask it they match a lower price at another store
  - e. All of the above
- 11. What are some suggestions about how to haggle or negotiate a price? (B2)
  - a. Shop at the end of the month
  - b. Carry cash
  - c. Ask for a cash discount
  - d. All of the above
- 12. **Depreciate** means: (B3)
  - a. An item increases in value
  - b. An item decrease in value
  - c. An item has no change in value
  - d. I have no idea
- 13. What is the wisest way to pay for a car? (B3)
  - a. Save your money, pay with cash, buy used
  - b. Save your money, pay with cash, buy new
  - c. Take out a loan, buy used
  - d. Take out a loan, buy new
- 14. Consider Cadet Frivolous. What were some consequences of buying a new car with an 8-year loan? (B3)
  - a. Heavy monthly cost burdens took away freedom
  - b. Having debt removes choices
  - c. Being upside down in the car loan was devastating financially
  - d. All of the above

#### Strand W1 Finances Section B Finances: Critical Consumer

- 15. Consider Cadet Wise. . What were some consequences of buying a used car with cash? (B3)
  - a. Low monthly expenses permitted a lifestyle that put Cadet Wise in control
  - b. Cadet Wise had freedom to choose an internship resulting in a higher paying job
  - c. Cadet Wise was able to pay cash for a newer used car when the original one was in a wreck
  - d. All of the above
- 16. Steps in buying a car are: (B3)
  - a. Set a budget, research, test drive, get a loan, pay full price
  - b. Set a budget, research, test drive, check out the car, negotiate the deal
  - c. Set a budget, go to the dealer, get a loan, pay full price
  - d. Set a budget, go to the dealer, pay cash, buy a new car
- 17. Things to look for when test driving a car are: (B3)
  - a. Steering wheel jiggle
  - b. Car pulls to one side
  - c. Car rattles and shakes
  - d. All of the above
- 18. Steps to check out a vehicle include: (B3)
  - a. Get a Carfax report
  - b. Check your insurance rate
  - c. Take car to an independent mechanic for a full inspection
  - d. All of the above
- 19. A "SALVAGED" title usually means: (B3)
  - a. The car was in a bad accident or experienced flooding
  - b. The car was originally from a salvage yard
  - c. The car looks ugly
  - d. Nothing to worry about

#### Strand W1 Finances Section B Finances: Critical Consumer

- 20. When paying for college, "free" money options include: (B4)
  - a. Grants, loans, scholarships
  - b. Grants, scholarships, part-time work
  - c. Loans, scholarships, part-time work
  - d. Loans, loans, loans
- 21. Which of the U.S. Service Academies are free? (B4)
  - a. U.S. Military Academy
  - b. U.S. Naval Academy
  - c. U.S. Air Force Academy
  - d. U.S. Coast Guard Academy
  - e. All of the above
- 22. Other military financial assistance options include: (B4)
  - a. Military loans, Montgomery GI loan, Post 9/11 GI loan
  - b. Military loans, ROTC loans, Montgomery GI Bill, Post 9/11 GI Bill
  - c. Montgomery GI Bill, Post 9/11 GI Bill, ROTC Scholarships
  - d. There are no other military financial assistance options
- 23. The Montgomery GI Bill is given to those entering service: (B4)
  - a. Before 1977
  - b. After 1977
  - c. Any time
  - d. No longer available
- 24. The Post 9/11 GI Bill is given to those entering service: (B4)
  - a. After September 10, 2001
  - b. Before September 10, 2001
  - c. Any time
  - d. No longer available

Strand W1 Finances Section B Finances: Critical Consumer

# 25. Regarding ROTC Scholarships: (B4)

- a. It pays for tuition, fees and books
- b. College life is just like other college students
- c. Required to take addition courses and maybe intensive summer program
- d. All of the above